26

27

28

1	James R. Condo (#005867) Amanda C. Sheridan (#027360)	
2	SNELL & WILMER L.L.P. One Arizona Center	
3	400 E. Van Buren, Suite 1900 Phoenix, Arizona 85004-2202	
4	Telephone: 602.382.6000 Facsimile: 602.382.6070	
5	jcondo@swlaw.com asheridan@swlaw.com	
6	Richard B. North, Jr. (admitted <i>pro hac vice</i>) Georgia Bar No. 545599 Matthew B. Lerner (admitted <i>pro hac vice</i>) Georgia Bar No. 446986 NELSON MULLINS RILEY & SCARBOROUGH LLP 201 17th Street, NW / Suite 1700 Atlanta, GA 30363 Telephone: (404) 322-6000 Telephone: (602) 382-6000	
7		
8		
9		
10		
11	richard.north@nelsonmullins.com matthew.lerner@nelsonmullins.com	
12 13	Attorneys for Defendants C. R. Bard, Inc. and Bard Peripheral Vascular, Inc.	
14	IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT	
15	FOR THE DISTRICT OF ARIZONA	
16	IN RE: Bard IVC Filters Products Liability Litigation,	No. 2:15-MD-02641-DGC
17		DEFENDANTS' MEMORANDUM REGARDING APEX DOCTRINE AS
18		TO JIM C. BEASLEY
19		
20	Pursuant to CMO No. 15, Bard submits its brief regarding whether Jim Beasley has	
21	"unique, first-hand, non-repetitive knowledge of the facts at issue in this case" and	
22	"whether Plaintiffs have exhausted other less-intrusive discovery methods."	
23	Mr. Beasley has no unique, first-hand, non-repetitive knowledge of the facts at	
24	issue in this age. Pefers 2007 Mr. Pagelay was the President of Pard Access Systems	

Mr. Beasley has no unique, first-hand, non-repetitive knowledge of the facts at issue in this case. Before 2007, Mr. Beasley was the President of Bard Access Systems ("BAS"), a subsidiary of C. R. Bard that does not involve IVC filters. When Mr. Beasley became President of Bard Peripheral Vascular ("BPV") in 2007, he had responsibilities

for all of BPV's products, approximately 170 in total. In 2009, Mr. Beasley was promoted to Group Vice-President of BPV and BAS, and his responsibilities increased to

include more than 1000 additional medical devices. Since 2013, Mr. Beasley has been Group President of C. R. Bard. Initially, his corporate responsibilities included oversight of BPV and BAS. Since that time, his responsibilities have expanded, and now include global responsibilities, including oversight of Bard Japan (among other international entities). His responsibilities continue to include oversight of literally hundreds, indeed thousands, of medical devices.

Mr. Beasley's role at BPV and BAS was and is to ensure that the companies operate pursuant to Bard's overall objectives. Given the breadth of products that he has overseen, Mr. Beasley necessarily has had <u>no</u> day-to-day, hands-on experience with the products. Concerning Bard's line of IVC filters, Mr. Beasley has had <u>no</u> day-to-day involvement regarding the issues in this litigation.

More importantly, all knowledge that Mr. Beasley possesses regarding Bard's line of IVC filters is also known by one or more of BPV's vice-presidents and other employees who report to them. These employees have significantly more hands-on, day-to-day experience and first-hand knowledge about Bard's line of IVC filters than Mr. Beasley could have, given his high-level position.

To date—and despite Bard's repeated requests—the plaintiffs have not identified a single issue that they think Mr. Beasley uniquely knows. Rather, the plaintiffs have made a series of unsubstantiated claims about Mr. Beasley in the Parties Joint Status Report for the August 23, 2016 Case Management Conference (Doc. 3102). First, the plaintiffs claim that "Mr. Beasley was an active decision maker with respect to IVC filters as the President of BPV from 2007 to 2012" (*Id.* at 15.) But vaguely stating that Mr. Beasley generally was an "active decision maker" over a five-year period is not the same as proving that he has "unique, first-hand, non-repetitive knowledge" about any specific decisions. Second, the plaintiffs claim that Mr. Beasley "would have been advised of, consulted," and "involved in" decisions on various subjects. (*Id.*) As a president of the division, and now Group President of the parent company, of course he would. But being "advised of, consulted" and "involved in" unspecified decisions is not proof that Mr.

Beasley has any "unique, first-hand, non-repetitive knowledge" of these alleged and unspecified decisions. Finally, the plaintiffs claim that "[i]t appears Mr. Beasley was also the decision maker in deciding to continue selling the G-2 while it sold another filter it has asserted was safer, the Eclipse." (*Id.*) The plaintiffs, however, have not conducted any discovery about whether there even was a decision to continue selling the G2 Filter at the same time as the Eclipse Filter, nor have they conducted any discovery about who made any such decision. Thus, the plaintiffs have no foundation for their assertion about Jim Beasley's alleged role as "the decision maker," let alone evidence that Mr. Beasley possesses "unique, first-hand, non-repetitive knowledge" about any such decision.

Plaintiffs have not exhausted other less-intrusive discovery methods. To date in the MDL, the plaintiffs have not asked Bard witnesses about any of the issues that they identified in the parties' recently submitted Joint Status Report (Doc. 3102). Of the four witnesses in the MDL who they have questioned about Mr. Beasley, none of the plaintiffs' questioning concerned any unique, first-hand, non-repetitive knowledge of the facts at issue in this litigation. Rather, the questioning about Mr. Beasley was incidental and superficial. The plaintiffs asked John DeFord about an e-mail that merely "cc:'d" Mr. Beasley. The plaintiffs asked Bret Baird who Mr. Beasley is; whether Mr. Beasley was involved in Mr. Baird's termination (Baird had "no idea"); the frequency of his contacts with Mr. Beasley (rare); whether Mr. Beasley has any military background ("I don't know"); and what Mr. Beasley's "personality" is like. The plaintiffs asked William Little about an e-mail chain that involved Mr. Beasley in which Mr. Beasley responded that Gin Schultz was going to take the lead on the issue being discussed. Finally, the plaintiffs asked Cindi Walcott if she had any professional interaction with Mr. Beasley (no).

In sum, the plaintiffs have undertaken no efforts to identify any unique knowledge that Mr. Beasley may have, nor have they made any attempt to exhaust less-intrusive discovery methods to learn about any such knowledge. For these reasons, the plaintiffs have not met their burden of proof to take Mr. Beasley's "apex" deposition, and the Court should not permit deposition.

1	DATED this 26th day of August, 2016.		
2	s/Matthew B. Lerner Richard B. North, Jr.		
3	Georgia Bar No. 545599 Matthew B. Lerner		
4	Georgia Bar No. 446986		
5	NELSON MULLINS RILEY & SCARBOROUGH, LLP Atlantic Station 201 17th Street NW / Spite 1700		
6	201 17th Street, NW / Suite 1700 Atlanta, GA 30363		
7	PH: (404) 322-6000 FX: (404) 322-6050		
8	richard.north@nelsonmullins.com matthew.lerner@nelsonmullins.com		
9	James R. Condo (#005867)		
10	Amanda Sheridan (#005867) SNELL & WILMER L.L.P. One Arizona Center		
11	400 E. Van Buren		
12	Phoenix, AZ 85004-2204 PH: (602) 382-6000 JCondo@swlaw.com		
13	ASheridan@swlaw.com		
14	Attorney for Defendants C. R. Bard, Inc. and		
15	Bard Peripheral Vascular, Inc.		
16			
17			
18			
19			
20			
21			
22			
23			
24			
25			
26			
27			
28			

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that on August 26, 2016, the foregoing was electronically filed with the Clerk of Court using the CM/ECF system which will automatically send email notification of such filing to all attorneys of record.

s/Matthew B. Lerner

Matthew B. Lerner Georgia Bar No. 446986

NELSON MULLINS RILEY & SCARBOROUGH, LLP

Atlantic Station

201 17th Street, NW / Suite 1700

Atlanta, GA 30363 PH: (404) 322-6000 FX: (404) 322-6050

matthew.lerner@nelsonmullins.com